BERHAMPUR UNIVERSITY P.G Syllabus For Political Science



(2-Years P.G Programme) P.G. DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE BERHAMPUR UNIVERSITY, BERHAMPUR-760007 2022-23

COURSE PLAN

For pursuing M.A. Course in Political Science a student shall have to study twenty courses /papers evenly distributed covering four semesters for a period of two years. All the courses in the First and Second semesters are compulsory courses. In the Third Semester there is choice based open course (Course No.301) and any student from a sister discipline can opt for the course provided he/she is a student of the corresponding semester. Course No. 302(A) and (B) , 303(A) and (B), 304(A) and (B) and 305(A) and (B) in the Third Semester are core elective courses and a student can opt any one out of alternatives. Courses No.401 (A) and (B), 402 (A) and (B) and 403(A) and (B) in the Fourth Semester are Elective/Optional Courses and a student can opt any one out of the alternatives. Core Courses No.404 and 405 in Fourth Semester are Research Methodology and Project Work respectively.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE	Ī
Course Structure (2022-23)	

Semester-I				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-101	POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC C-102	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	4	4	100
PSC C-103	THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	4	100
PSC C-104	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	4	4	100
PSC C-105	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I	4	4	100
		20	20	500
Semester-II				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-201	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4	4	100
		1	1	1

PSC C-202	C C-202 COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS		4	100
PSC C-203	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN	4	4	100
be e 205	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	•		100
PSC C-204	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY		4	100
PSC C-205	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II	4	4	100
PSC AC-206 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE			
	TOTAL	20	20	500
Semester-III				
Paper Code	1	Hours Per	Credits	Marks
		Week		
PSC C-301	INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCS)	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(A) (Core elective-Optional	INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(B) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(A) (Core elective-Optional)	INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(B) (Core elective-Optional)	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(A) (Core elective-Optional)	PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(B) (Core elective-Optional)	SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(A) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(B) (Core elective-Optional)	CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC AC-306 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES	2.0		
Semester-IV		20	20	500
		IIcer		
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC CE-401(A) (Core elective-Optional)	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-401(B Core elective-Optional	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-402(A) (Core elective-Optional)	FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS	4	4	100
		<u> </u>		

INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS			
STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA	4	4	100
POLITICAL ECONMY AND			
DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN	4	4	100
ODISHA			
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	4	100
DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE	4	4	100
KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND			
CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM			
(NON-CREDIT)			
	20	20	500
		80	2000
	STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA POLITICAL ECONMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA RESEARCH METHODOLOGY DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM	POLITICAL ECONMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA4RESEARCH METHODOLOGY4DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE4KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM (NON-CREDIT)	STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA4POLITICAL ECONMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA4RESEARCH METHODOLOGY4DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE4KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND (NON-CREDIT)

SEMESTER -I

PSC C-101: POLITICAL THEORY

Sub. Code:	Political Theory				
PSC- C 101		Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80		
Objectives: This course has been designed to provide students an introduction to the fundamental					

concepts in political theory. It begins with an overview of why we study political theory and what are the approaches and forms of political theory. It then proceeds to elaborate in a detailed manner on the key concepts of 'Liberty', 'Equality', 'Justice', 'Rights' and 'State and Sovereignty'. Each concept is explained through the thoughts and writings of noted theorists who have deliberated in length on that particular issue with emphasis given on readings of original writings.

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Nature, Scope and Evolution, Function,	13
Understanding	Significance, Approaches to the Study of Political Theory, A	
Political Theory	debate on Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory.	
Unit-II	Liberty, Equality, Rights and Justice	13
Key Concepts		
Unit-III	The Grammar of Democracy 1. Democracy: The history of an	13
Political Theory	idea 2. Procedural Democracy and its critique 3. Deliberative	
and Practices	Democracy	
Unit-IV	Emerging Trends in Political Theory: An Overview	13
Recent Trends		
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

1. Bhargava, R. and Ashok Acharya (2008) 'Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman.

- 2. Adams Ian, 1993, Political Ideologies Today, Manchester, Manchester University Press
- 3. Bajpai, U.S.(ed), Nonalignment: Perspective and Prospects, New Delhi; 1983
- 4. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited Contemporary Political Philosophy. Oxford, Blackwell Publishers, 1997.
- 5. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited, A Companion to Contemporary Political
- 6. Graham Gordon, 1986, Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies, Oxford, Clarendon Press
- 7. Hampton, Jean, Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 8. Harrison, Ross, Democracy, London, Routledge, 1993.
- 9. Heywood Andrew, 1992, Political Ideologies, London, Macmillan
- 10. Longman.Berlin, Isaiah, Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1969.
- 11. Miller, David and Larry Siedentop(ed) The Nature of Political Theory, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1983.

PSC C-102: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Sub. Code	Indian Government and Politics				
PSC C-102	Credit:04	Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80		
Objectives: This course acquaints students with the constitutional design of state structures and					
institutions, and their act conflicting impulses of lib	0				

conflicting impulses of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Making of the Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly,	13
	Background, Composition, Nature and its working.	
Unit-II	Ideological basis of the Indian Constitution: Preamble,	13
	Fundamental Rights & Duties and Directive Principles.	
Unit-III	Structure and Process of Union Government:	13
	Executive: President and Prime Minister, Council of Minister	
	Legislature: Parliament of India,	
	Judiciary: Supreme Court	
Unit-IV	Federalism: Federal in Form and Unitary in Spirit, Areas of	13
	Conflict in Centre- State Relations: Administrative, Financial	
	and Legislative Relations. Recent Trends in Centre- State	
	Relation	
	Total	52

Suggested Reading:

- 1. Austin Granville, 1972, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, New Delhi, OUP
- 2. Austin Granville, 1999, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, New Delhi, OUP
- 3. Basu D.D., 1999, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Calcutta, Prentice Hall (latest edition)

- 4. Hasan Zoya, E. Shridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) 2002, India's Living Constitution, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 5. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), 2005, Public Institutions in India, New Delhi, OUP
- 6. Saez Lawrence, 2004, Federalism without a Center, New Delhi, Sage.
- 7. Sathe S.P., 2002, Judicial Activism, New Delhi, OUP
- 8. Sharma Brij Kishor, 2002, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark		
PSC C- 103	Theory of International Relations	4	20	80		
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is to in theory and practice for studying internunderstand International relations and its be accommodated with contemporary that are the objectives: To provide a fairly all-inclusive over events starting from the days of Pele To provide a comprehensive and in character of contemporary character To enable students to learn about them with the tools to understand in perspectives. 	national rela s multidiscip rend of mu- rerview of the oponnesian n-depth ories r of internat the key mi-	ations. The aim of the plinary nature where the altidisciplinary discour- the major political develop war. Intation to students to us ional relations. lestones in world histo	e course is to ne student will rse. Following elopments and understand the ory and equip		
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history and politics and understanding of the current dynamics of the international politics					
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with peri problem sets, case studies, report writin with an emphasis to develop coherer understanding and the practical knowled	ng, mock ex nce among	ams and presentations students on both the	s will be done		

PSC C- 103: THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Theories and Approaches to the Study of International Relations: Evolution	13
	of the Discipline, The Great Debates, State of the Art.	
Unit-II	Concept of Idealism and Realism, Its Variants and Complements:	13
	Neorealism, Indian Tradition: Kautilya's Realpolitique, Chinese Tradition,	
	European Schools of Thought, The English School, Neo-Liberal	
	Institutionalism	
Unit-III	Alternative Approaches in IR: Critical Theory, Constructivism, Post-	13
	Modernism, Feminism, Neo-Marxism, Ethics in IR	
Unit-IV	Conflict and Peace: Changing Nature of Warfare; Weapons of mass	13
	destruction; deterrence; conflict resolution, conflict transformation, The	
	Nuclear Age and its impact on International Relations, NPT, CTBT.	

Total

Suggested Readings:

- Aron Raymond, 'Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations,' (New Brunswick, New Jersey, London, Transaction Publishers, 2003).
- 2. Bandhopadhyay, J., General Theory of International Relations, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Baral J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi, 1987.
- 4. Basu, Rumki, International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues, Sage Text, New Delhi, 2014
- 5. Bull Hedley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977).
- Burchill S and A. Linklator, Theories of International Relations, Martin Press, New York, 1966.
- 7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- Doughery, J.E. and R.L. Falzgraff Jr., Contending Theories of International Relations, J.B. Lippincott Co. 1971, New York.
- 9. Gilpin, Robert, The political Economy of International Relations Princeton, (1887)
- 10. Holsti, K.J., International Politics: Framework for analysis (New Delhi, 1989)
- 11. Jackson, R. and George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, OUP, 2003.
- Kumar, Mahendra, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shivlal Aggarwal & Co. Agra, 1967.
- 13. Morgenthau, Hans J, Politics among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, New York, 1985.
- 14. Scott Burchill, Andre Linklater and Terry Nardin, eds., Theories of International Relations, 4th Edition, (Palgrave Macmillan Publishers, 2009).
- Strange Susan, States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy, (London: Pinter Publishers, 1994)
- 16. Waltz Kenneth N., Theory of International Politics. (New York: Addison-Wesley, 1979).

Course Outcome	By the	the end of this course Students are able to:		
	i.	i. Conceptualize various perspectives to international relations.		
	ii.	Appreciate various philosophies relating to international relation		
		and conceptualize various foundational theories in International		
		Relations.		
	iii.	Analyze dynamics of contemporary and alternative theories relati		
		to International Relations.		

PSC C -104: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks				
PSC C -104	Public Administration	4	20	80				
Objectives	the governing making it a pa The paper co proceeding to administrative Organised int emergence of paradigm of d	g philosophy into rt of community li overs public admi o highlight severa e salience and cap to four units, the New Public Admin emocratic legitima	o programmes, polici ving. inistration in its histo l of its categories, v abilities to deal with recent developments nistration are incorpor-					
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on Public Administration, administrative salience and capabilities to deal with the process of change							
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT	presentation, grou	p discussion, term p	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.				

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Scope, Evolution and Significance of Public	c13
Public Administration	Administration.	
	Public and Private Administration.	
Unit-II	Role of Public Administration in Developing and Developed	113
Principles of Public	countries, Development administration.	
Administration		
Unit-III	Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command	13
Paradigms of Public	Delegation, Co-ordination, Delegated Legislation, Administrative	e
administration	Adjudication.	
Unit-IV	New Public Administration	13
New Public Administration	on New Public Management	
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Avasthi and Maheswari, "Public Administration", Agra, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, 1988.
- 2. Mohit Bhattacharya "Public Administration", World Press (Second Edition, 1991)
- 3. Rumki Basu, "Public Administration: Concepts and Theories" New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 2011.OUP.2006.
- 4. Stone, Deborah. 2001. Policy Paradox: The Art of Political Decision Making. W.W Norton and Company.
- 5. R.K. Sapru. 1980. Administrative Theories and Management Thought. New Delhi: PHI
- 6. Bidyut Chakrabarty & Mohit Bhattacahrya (Eds), 2003, Public Administration: A Reader, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 7. Alaka Dhameja (Ed), "Contemporary Debates in Public Administration", New Delhi, 2003.
- 8. Ramesh K. Arora(Eds.), 2004, Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalek Publishers, Jaipur
- 9. Bidyut Chakravorty, "Public Administration in a Globalized World", New Delhi, Sage

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on				
Outcome	The essence of Public Administration				
	The Historical context of Public administration				
	• The recent developments particularly the emergence of New Public				
	Administration				

PSC C- 105: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	Western Political Thought-I	4	20	80
	This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the great Masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on classical traditions of political theory			
	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Plato, Aristotle	13
Unit-II	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	13
Unit-III	Hegel, Marx	13
Unit-IV	Bentham, J.S Mill	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford,
- 4. Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 5. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, Modern
- 6. Library, 1950.
- 7. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge,
- 8. Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 9. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and
- 10. Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp
- 11. 40-79.
- 12. Marx Karl, Das Capital, volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 13. AvineriShlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

- 14. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 15. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 17. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on				
Outcome	Historical and philosophical perspectives to understand the universality of the				
	enterprise of political theorizing.				
	The legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change				
	within the Western political tradition.				

Semester-II

PSC C -201: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C -201	Political Sociology	4	20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is: To explore the main sociological explanations of political behaviour. To understand how does political mobilization take place and how political organizations (parties) and elites shape the interaction between citizens, society and power? To understand processes of political engagement and participation and political behavioral in general. 			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of Sociology and	l Political So	cience	
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virt demonstrative exercises like terr writing, mock examinations and pr	n paper w	riting, MCQs, case s	

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Political Sociology: Origin and Development, Definition and Scope	13
	Theoretical Approaches to the study of Political Sociology	
Unit -II	Political Culture	13
	Political Socialization	
	Political Participation	
	Political Communication	
Unit -III	Power, Authority, Legitimacy	13
	Elite Theory, Circulation of Elites	
Unit -IV	Social Stratification and its Bases	13
	Political Development	
	Political Modernization	
Total		52

Reading List

- 1. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 2. Kate Nash and Alan Scott (eds.), The Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2004.
- 3. Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay, K P Bagchi& Co Political Sociology An introductory analysis, 2015.
- 4. Dipankar Gupta, Political Sociology in India: Contemporary Trends, Orient Black Swan, 1996.
- 5. Gabriel A Almond and Sydney Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, , Little, Brown and Company, 1965.
- 6. Douglas Baer, Political Sociology, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 7. Benedikte Brincker, Hans Reitzel, Introduction to Political Sociology, 2013.
- 8. Betty Dobratz et al, Power, Politics, and Society: An Introduction to Political Sociology,, Pearson Education, 2011.
- 9. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 10. Kate Nash, Contemporary Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010.
- 11. Anthony Orumand John Dale, Political Sociology: Power and Participation in the Modern World, Oxford University Press, 2008.

Course Outcome	On completion of this course, students are expected to have acquired a familiarity
	with major features of contemporary societies that are relevant to politics.
	Acquire an understanding of recent social and political science explanations of
	political processes and events.
	Acquire, more generally, a grasp of the competing approaches in the field
	Comprehend different opportunities to influence political decisions by average
	citizens.

PSC C -202: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC –C 202	Comparative Political Analysis	4	20	80
	To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. To critically examine politics in historical and contemporary perspectives while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries. To understand governmental systems of US, UK, China and Japan in comparative perspective.			
-	Basic knowledge of world history and Government and politics of both developed and developing countries			
	e Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.			

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit -I	Comparative Politics: Nature and Scope	13
	Comparative Methods: An overview of the field of Comparative Political	
	Analysis. Nature of Traditional and Modern Politics	
	Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach	
Unit -II	Institutional Approach and New Institutionalism, Development of Neo- institutionalism, Models of New Institutionalism	13
	Actors and Process	
	Political Parties and Party System: Duverger, Giovanni Sartori, and Jean Blondel's Model.	
Unit -III	Actors and Process	13
	Electoral Systems, Types of election system (First Past the Post, Proportional	
	Representation, Mixed Representation)	
Unit- IV	Comparative Governments of U.K, USA and China	13
	Constitutionalism, Executive and Legislature	
Tota	1	52

Essential Readings

- 1. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society: Beyond Modernity, Cambridge.
- 2. Alavi, H. and T. Shanin, Sociology of Developing Societies, London, Macmillan, 1982.
- 3. Alford, Robert A. and Roger Friedland, Powers of Theory, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 4. Bottomore, T.B, Elites and Society, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1985.
- 5. Cantori, L.J and A. H. Ziegler edited, Comparative Politics in the Post-Behaviouralist Era, London, Lynne Rienner, 1988.
- 6. Chilcote, Ronald, Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder, Westview Press, 1994.
- 7. Hardtm, Michael and Antonio Negri, Empire, Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 2000.
- 8. Manor, James edited, Rethinking Third World Politics, London, Longman, 1991.
- 9. Moore, B. The Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy, Harmondsworth, Pelican, 1966.
- 10. Sartori, G., Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1976.
- 11. Stephan, Alfred, Arguing Comparative Politics, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 12. Tornquist, Olle, Politics and Development, Delhi. Sage, 1999.
- 13. Wayne, Ellwood, The No-Nonsense guide to Globalisation, London, Verso, 2001.
- 14. Wright, Mills C. The Power Elite, New York, John Wiley, 1959.
- 15. Rahnema, Majid edited. The Post-Development Reader, Dhaka: The University Press, 1997.

Course	By the end of this course Students will able to know:				
Outcome	5				

PSC C- 203: CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark	
PSC C- 203	Contemporary Issues in	4	20	80	
	International Relations				
Objectives	The basic objective of this course is:				
	 To provide the students a fairly comprehensive overview of the major political developments and events starting from the twentieth century. To provide a comprehensive and in-depth orientation to students to understand the character of contemporary character of international relations. To enable students to learn about the key milestones in world history and equip them with the tools to understand and analyze the same from different perspectives. The aim of the course is to understand International relations and its multidisciplinary nature where the student will be accommodated with contemporary trend of multidisciplinary discourse. 				
Pre-	Basic knowledge of world history and politics.				
Requisites					
Teaching	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative and				
Scheme	demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies, report				
	writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.				

Detailed Syllabus

	Detaneu Synabus	- 1
Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	End of bipolarity and changing trends in Super Power Relations	13
Contemporary trends	(a) Terrorism, International Peace and Role of non-State actors	
	Changing Role of the United Nations in International Politics:	
	(a) New Challenges of Peacekeeping	
	(b) UN and Human Development	
	(b) Structural Reform of the UN	
Unit-II	Politics on Nuclearisation	13
Contemporary	Ecological and Development issues, Global Commons	
processes		
Unit-III	Major Powers and West Asia	13
Major powers and	(a) Major Powers and South Asia	
Regional Conflicts	(b) Politics of the Indian Ocean	
	(c) Geo-Politics of South China Sea	
Unit-IV	Regionalism and Regional Blocs	13
Regionalism and	(a) EU	
Regional Blocs	(b) ASEAN	
	(c) SAARC	
	(d) APEC	
	(e) SCO	
	Total	48

Reading List

- 1. John T. Rourke, International Politics on the global stage, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Paul A. Tharp(ed.), Regional International Organisations: Structures and functions,

1971.

- 3. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 4. Baral, J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions (New Delhi, 1987)
- 5. Bull, Hadley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977)
- Thomas J. Volgy et al. (eds.), Major Powers and the Questfor Status inInternationalPoliticsGlobal and Regional Perspectives, Palgrave Macmillan,2011.
- 7. Geoff Berridg, Return to the UN: UN diplomacy in Regional Conflicts, Wheatsheaf, 1991.
- 8. Markusthiel, The limits of transnationalism collective identities and Eu integration, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 9. Juliet Kaarbo, James Lee RayWadsworth, Global Politics, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 10. Louise L'Estrange, Andrew Hurrell, Regionalism in world politics: Regional Organisationand international order, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 11. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students are able to:
	1. Know about the various theatres of international conflicts and the role
	of major powers in them.
	2. Appreciate various aspects of global politics following the end of the
	Cold war and Acquaint themselves with global issues of recent times.
	3. Develop an understanding about the changing role of the UN and the
	reason behind the strengthening of regional international organisations.

PSC C- 204: ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks		
PSC C -204:	Administrative 4 20 80 Theory					
Objectives	The course will seek to comprehend the broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system as we understand it today. The different ideological standpoints with regard to various concepts and theories are critically explained with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand their continuity and change. Furthermore there is a need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today. Organised into four units this paper aims to highlight different theoretical perspectives on public administration. Further its relevance will be explained through historical evolution of the subject. Basic knowledge on broad intellectual traditions in administration that has					
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system					
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.					

1		Units	Topics	Hours
---	--	-------	--------	-------

Unit I: Theories of Administration &	Development and Growth of Administrative Theories; Scientific Management Theory: Frederick Winslow Taylor,	
Management	Ecological: Fred. W. Riggs.	
•	Max Weber Theory of Bureaucracy Views of Herbert Simon on Decision-Making Systems Approach	13
Unit-III: Choice Based	Socio- Psychological Approach Perspectives of Public Choice	13
Unit-IV: Conflict and Objectives Based	Managing Conflict in the Organization: Mary Parker Follett Management by Objectives- Peter Drucker	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Goel, S.L. (2003). Advanced Public Administration, Deep & Deep Publications
- 2. Maheshwari S.R., (1991). Issues and Concepts In Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 3. Naidu S.P., (1996). Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Hyderabad, New Agem International Publishers
- 4. Sharma M.P. and Saldana B. L., (2001), Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, KitabMahal
- 5. Buck Susan J. and Morgan Betty N.,(2005). Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Raymond W. Cox Ill, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. D. RavindraPrasad, V. SivalingaPrasad, (2010). Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers,
- 7. Mohit Bhattacharya, (2008). New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers & Distributors
- 8. Herbert A. Simon, (1997). Administrative Behavior, 4th Edition, Free Press,
- 9. Thomas R Dye, (2008). Understanding Public Policy: International Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall,
- 10. Governance: A Reader. (2008) Bidyut Chakrabarty, Mohit Bhattacharya, Oxford University Press, USA

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on:
Outcome	Broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours
	of Administrative system as we understand it today.
	Continuity and change in the different ideological standpoints and the need to the
	continuing relevance of these concepts today.

PSC C-205: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC C-205	Vestern Political ⁴ 20 80 Thought-II				
Objectives	This paper focuses on thinkers and themes of western political philosophy. An attempt has been made to understand thinkers and texts both from philosophical and historical perspective. The main objective is to train students in the foundational texts and thinkers of western political philosophy.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on contemporary relevance of political thought.				

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	• Gramsci	13
	Mao-Zedong	
Unit-II	Mary Wollstonecraft	13
	Hannah Arendt	
Unit-III	• Rawls	13
	Nozick	
Unit-IV	Frantz Fanon	13
	Rosa Luxemberg	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 4. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, ModernLibrary, 1950.
- 5. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 6. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp40-79.
- 7. Marx Karl, Capital volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 8. Avineri Shlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.
- 9. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 10. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 11. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 12. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on Nature and
Outcome	significance of western political thought
	Continuing significance of the study of the classics and indicates its shortcomings by
	underlining the need to incorporate new perspectives that have arisen in recent past.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC-206:	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE	Non Credit		
	The course is geared towards equipping the students with conceptual and theoretical understanding of the subject in a very broad sense. It seeks to do so in a synergistic way by coalescing values, concepts, contending debates, theories, and paradigms germane to the course. It is a common course designed to meet the academic requirements of the post-graduate students of Human Rights and Duties Education and Political Science of the department. The course seeks to sharpen the epistemological skills of students in relation to the various theoretical aspects of human rights.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on			
	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	 Understanding Human Rights Historical Evolution Origin and Development of Human Rights in India 	13
Unit-II	 Human Rights and Indian Constitution Fundamental Rights Directive Principles of State Policies Human Rights of the Marginalized 	13
Unit-III	 Institutional Mechanisms for Protection of Human Rights National Human Rights Commission State Human Rights Commission Judiciary 	\$13
Unit-IV	 Non-State Actors and Human Rights Civil Society Human Right Activists 	13
	Total	52

• Alferdsson, Gudmundur and Eide, Asbjorn, ed., The Universal Declaration of Human

Rights: A Common Standard of Achievement, The Hague, Martinus Nijhoff publishers, 1999.

- Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok, eds. Political Theory: An Introduction, Delhi: Pearson, 2014.
- Dixon, Martin, Textbook on International Law, London: Blackstone Press, 2000. Donnelly, Jack, Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice, Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.
- Freeman, Michael, Human Rights, New Delhi: Atlantic for Polity Press, 2003.
- Krishnamurthy, B., Ganapathy-Dore, Geetha, European Convention on Human Rights: Sixty Years and Beyond, New Delhi: New Century Publications, 2012.
- Monshipouri, Mahmood, Englehart, Neil, et.al., eds., Constructing Human Rights In The Age of Globalization, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 2004.
- Motilal, Shashi, ed., Applied Ethics and Human Rights: Conceptual Analysis and Contextual Applications, Delhi, Anthem Press, 2011.
- Paul Gordon Lauren, The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2003.
- Rahman, Anisur, ed., Human Rights and Social Security: Perspectives, Issues and Challenges, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2011.
- Runzo, Joseph, Martin, Nancy M and Sharma, Arvind, Human Rights and Responsibilities in the World Religions, Oxford: One World Publications, 2003.
- Sinha, Manoj Kumar, Enforcement of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: International and National Perspectives, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2006.

a	
Course	The programme enables students to take an analytic and critical stance and deal with
	questions of how human rights affect social and political processes. At the end of the programme you will be able to
	• search for, identify and assess primary sources as well scholarly literature about human rights
	• identify, contextualise and use information about the human rights situation in a given country,
	• critically appraise source material, including cases from human rights committees and tribunals and reports and summary records from treaty bodies
	• analyse a country's situation or an international situation in terms of human rights and formulate human rights-based initiatives and policies
	 promote human rights through legal as well as non-legal means
	 participate in legal, political and other debates involving human rights in a knowledgeable and constructive way
1	•

Semester-III

PSC C-301: INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCS)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	Indian Political System (Choice Based Paper)	4	20	80

Objectives	This paper seeks to introduce students the key institutions and processes of governance in India. Organised in four units, the paper deals with historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on key institutions and processes of governance in India.
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Preamble	13
The Constitution	Salient features of the Indian Constitution	
The Administrative and Legislative System, Judicial System	Union Executive: President, Vice-President, Council of Ministers, Prime Minister, Bureaucracy Parliament: President, Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, Speaker of the Lok Sabha, Supreme Court, High Court and Subordinate Courts	
	Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Electoral Politics	13
	Indian Federalism: (a) Centre-State Relations (b) National Integration (c) NDC and Niti Ayog	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Subhash C Kashyap, Óur Political System', National Book Trust of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India', Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- 3. C P Bhambri, Politics in India 1947-87', 'Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.
- 4. Paul R Brass, 'The Politics in India since independence', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1992.
- 5. BidyutChakraborthy, Forging Powers: Coalition politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Bowmbal K R and Choudhury L P, Aspects of democratic government and politics in India, Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- 8. Guha, Ramachandra (2008). India after Gandhi: the history of the world's largest democracy (Indian Ed.). India: Picador.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	• The key institutions and processes of governance in India.			
	• Historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with			
	reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.			

PSC CE-302 (A): INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT (Core Elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-302 (A)	Indian Political Thought	4	20	80
Objectives	The focal theme of the paper is to focus on Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas and to what extent is Indian Political thought a rejection, derivative-imitation or innovative-transformation of Western Political Thought. It is an attempt to discuss systematically the political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India. Organised into four units, the paper emphasizes the distinctive contribution of Indian thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian political thought.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on Indian philosophical systems of thought			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Manu and Kautilya	013
Unit-II	Raja Ram Mohan Roy Vivekananda	13
Unit-III	B.R. Ambedkar M.K. Gandhi Jawaharlal Nehru	13
Unit-IV	Ram Manohar Lohiya Jayprakash Narayan	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Ambedkar, B.R., Annihilation of Caste, edited by Mulk Raj Anand, Delhi, Arnold Publisher,
- 2. Appadorai, A., Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, 1987).
- 3. Chatterjee, P., Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: Derivative Discourse?,London,
- 4. Dalton, D.G., Indian Idea of Freedom. Gurgaon, Academy Press, 1984.
- 5. Das, H.H. and Patra, P.S.N., Indian Political Thought (Sterling).
- 6. Jha, D.N., Ancient India: An Introductory Outline. Deihi, People's Publishing House, 1993.
- 7. Karunakaran, K.P., Indian Politics from DadabhaiNauroji to Gandhi, Delhi, Asia 1967.
- 8. Masih, Y., Introduction to Religious Philosophy, Delhi, MotilalBanarsidas. 1971.
- 9. Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Manohar Publisher, 1992.
- 10. Mehta, V.R., Ideology, Modernisation and Politics in India. Lahore, Book Traders, 1990.
- 11. Mishra, J.K. Indian Political Tradition: Ancient and Modern, 1993.
- 12. Mohanty, Dushmanta, Indian Political Tradition (New Delhi, 1997).
- 13. Narvane, V.S. Modern Indian Thought, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1978.

- 14. Padhi, K.S., Indian Political Tradition (Berhampur, 1997).
- 15. Pantham, T. and Deutsch, K.L. edited, Modern Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Sage, 1986.

By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas.
The political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India.

PSC CE -302 (B): POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC CE -302 (B)	Political	4	20	80	
	Processes in India				
Objectives	Teaching politics	in a country has	to be grounded in	understanding and	
	analysis of politic	s of the country c	oncerned. Thus, organ	nised in four units,	
	this paper focus	es in detail on	the political processe	es and the actual	
	functioning of the	political system.			
	It then examines t	the functioning of	various social movem	nents, the nature of	
	Indian party system, civil society groups and the statutory and constitutional				
	bodies of governance. The major contradictions of the Indian political				
	process are critically analyzed along with an assessment of its relative				
	success and failures.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the political processes and the actual functioning of				
	thepolitical system.				
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of				
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both				
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.				

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit I: Nature of Indian	State, Economy and Development: Nature of Indian State, New	13
State	Economic Policy	
	Process of Globalisation: Social and Economic implications	
Unit-II: Social	Social Movements: Dalit, Tribal, Women, Farmers,	13
Movements and Civil	Environment.	
Society Groups	Civil Society Groups: Non-Party Social Formations, Non-	
	Governmental Organisations, Social Action Groups.	
Unit-III: Electoral	Social and Ideological bases: National and Regional Parties	13
Politics in India	Coalition Politics at the national and state level	
	Electoral Process and Election Commission of India.	
Unit IV Constitutional	Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Comptroller and	13
and Statutory Bodies	Auditor\General, Finance Commission, National	
	Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for	
	Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Human Rights,	
	National Commission for Women, National Commission for	
	Minorities.	
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Chatterjee, Partha. 2010. "The state," in Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India. New Delhi: OUP.
- 2. Das, Samir Kumar. 2013. "Introduction: Surveying the literature on state in post-Independence India," in Samir Kumar Das (ed.). ICSSR research surveys and explorations: Political Science, Vol.1. New Delhi: ICSSR/Oxford University Press.
- 3. Menon, Nivedita and Aditya Nigam. 2007. Power and contestation: India since 1989. New Delhi: Zed.
- 4. Basu, Amrita. 2010. "Gender and Politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 5. Guru, Gopal "Social justice," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 6. Jhodka, Surinder. 2010. "Caste and politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 7. Pai, Sudha. 2013. Dalit assertion. New Delhi: OUP short introduction series.
- 8. Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. "Politics of language, religion and identity: Tribes in India," Economic and Political Weekly, 40(13).
- 9. Kaviraj, Sudipta. 2001. "In search of civil society," in Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilnani. Civil society: History and possibilities. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Kothari, Smitu. 1993. "Social Movements and the redefinition of democracy" in Philip Oldenburg (ed.). India briefing. Boulder: Westview Press.
- 11. Mohanty, Manoranjan and Partha Nath Mukherji (eds.). 1998. People's rights: Social movements and the state in the Third World. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Nayar, Deepak. 2006. "India's unfinished journeys: Transforminggrowth into development," Modern Asian Studies 40(3), pp.797-832.
- 13. Sachs, Jeffrey, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds). 2000. India in the era of economic reforms. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 14. Suri, K.C. 2006. "Political economy of agrarian distress." Economic and Political Weekly 15. 41(16), 1523-29.
- 16. Kohli, Atul. 2001. "Introduction," in Atul Kohli (ed.). The success of India's democracy. New Delhi: Cambridge/Foundation.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on		
Outcome	The political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.		
	The major contradictions of the Indian political process along with an assessment of		
	its relative success and failures		

PSC CE-303 (A): INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
SPS-303(A)	India's Foreign Policy	4	20	80
Objectives	The basic objective of this course is: To introduce students to the mechanics of foreign policy making and the issues that influence the policy in order for them to develop a perspective on the emerging trends in Indian foreign policy			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the necessities of foreign relations, World War-II, Cold War, the UN			

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative and
	demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies, report
	writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.

Units	Topics	Hours
Uit-I	Determinants of India's Foreign Policy: domestic and international Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy: Pre-Independence to Post-Independence	13
Unit-II	Making of India's Foreign Policy: Institutions, Structure, and Processes Continuity and change in foreign policy : Non-Alignment, Terrorism, Energy Security, Indian Diaspora	13
Unit-III	Relations with Global and Regional International Institutions: UN, WTO, ASEAN, APEC, EU, IORA, SAARC	13
Unit-IV	India and neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka India and Major Powers: United States, PRC and Russia India's global aspirations and its constraints (with special emphasis on National Security and India's Economic and Nuclear Policy)	13
		52

Reading List

- 1. Kanti Bajpai, Saira Basit, Krishnappa, V. eds., India's Grand Strategy: History, theory, cases, Routledge India, 2014.
- 2. J. Bandyopadhyaya, The Making of India's Foreign Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes, And Personalities, Allied Publishers, 1970.
- 3. J. N. Dixit, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours, Gyan Publishing, 2001.
- 4. Sumit Ganguly, India's Foreign Policy-Retrospect and Prospect, Oxford, 2010.
- 5. Sumi tGanguli, Indian foreign Policy (short introduction), Oxford, 2019.
- 6. Anjali Ghosh, Tridib Chakrobroti, Anindyo Jyoti Majumdar and Shibashis Chatterjee, eds., India's Foreign Policy, Pearson, 2009.
- 7. C. Raja Mohan, Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, Penguin Books, 2005.
- 8. Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Foreign Policy: Selected Speeches, September 1946-April 1961, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India,1961.
- 9. Nancy Jetly and Rajendra Prasad, India's Foreign Policy: Challenges And Prospects, Vikas Pub. House, 1999.
- 10. S.D. Muni, India's foreign Policy, The Democracy Dimension, Foundation Books, 2009.
- 11. Shashi Tharoor, Reasons of State: Political development and India's foreign policy under Indira Gandhi, Vikas Publishing House pvt ltd., 1982.
- 12. B.R. Nanda edited India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Years, VikasPublishing House pvt ltd., 1976.
- 13. V. P. Dutta, India's Foreign Policy since Independence, National Book Trust, 2007.

Course	On completion of this course, students are expected to
Outcome	Understand the basic features of Indian foreign policy that have evolved over seven
	decades of nationhood.
	Understand processes of policy making and appreciate the complexities involved in it.
	Appreciate the role of various Prime Ministers in the foreign policy making.
	Know the challenges that India faces in its neighbourhood and the reasons behind the
	policy stances.
	Gain an understanding of the history and current India's policy with regards to our
	relations with important world players and regional powers.
	Understand India's stand on Nuclear Weapons and the restructuring of the UN.

PSC CE-303(B) INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC CE-303(B)	International	4	20	80	
	Relations of South				
	Asia				
5	International relations of South Asia are based on the study of South Asia as a region. The course will consider a number of conceptual and policies' questions				
	and explore how the South Asian region has been transforming with the				
	globalization of its economy, the resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated				
	in a nuclearized security environment and the ever deepening and rapidly				
	pervading connections	s with the global a	nd local extremism and	d terrorism.	
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on l	International relati	ons of South Asia		
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral				
Scheme	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual				
	clarity as well as pract	tical understanding	g on the subject.		

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours			
Unit-I	The Origins and nature of South Asian States.	13			
	Socio-Cultural Structures and the Post-colonial challenges of State construction and nation-building.	<u>,</u>			
Unit-II	Limits of Structural realism and South Asian security.	13			
Unit-III	Deterrence theory and Nuclearization of South Asia	13			
	Borders and Boundaries : Security Challenges	14			
Unit-IV	Internal Conflict and Porous Borders				
	Democratization and the Crises of Governance.				
	Migration, Refugee problems				
	Human development				
	Total	52			

Selected Readings

- 1. Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal (2004), Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy, London: Routledge.
- 2. Ludden, David (2002), India and South Asia: A Short History, Oxford: One World Publishers.
- 3. Nandy, Ashis (1983), The Intimate Enemy: The Loss and Recovery of the Self under Colonialism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Jalal, Ayesha (1995), Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Sridharan, E. (ed.) (2011), International Relations Theory and South Asia. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	A number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian
	region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy,
	The resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the
	ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local
	extremism and terrorism

PSC C E 304 (A): PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 304(A)		4	20	80
	policy and adminis effectiveness in tra policies and making decentralization, fin welfare from a non different dimensior contemporary times concept of governa administration, deve	tration in India. The inslating the gove g it a part of the contract of the contract ancial management ance in governance s. There is a nee- ance in the contex- elopment. The ess	duction to the interfa The essence of public rning philosophy into ommunity living. It d nt, citizens and admini- ive. This paper deals highlighting the maj d to understand the at of a globalising we ence of governance is as introduced in India.	e policy lies in its programmes and eals with issues of istration and social with concepts and or debates in the importance of the orld, environment,
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge of	n Public Policy and	d Governance	
	oral & PPT preser	ntation, group dis	ith assessment of stuc scussion, term paper understanding on the s	etc to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Theoretical understanding of Governance: Governance: Meaning, Definition, Types. Difference between Government and Governance, Evolution of the concept of governance as a part of the neo- liberal discourse, and its critique.	
Unit-II	Issues of State and Development: Society, State and Market: Autonomy, Strength and Weakness New Public Management and its critique	13

Unit-III	Public Policy and Social Reform: Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Types, Public Policy Process in India. Public policy and Human Security: Public Policies with special reference to Housing, Health, Drinking Water, Food Security, MNREGA, NHRM, RTH Act, The New Education Policy 2020.	
Unit-IV	Institutional Mechanisms for Governance Reform: Good Governance; E-Governance, Right to Information, Citizen Charter Public Delivery System, Corporate Social Responsibility, Ombudsman, Lokpa and Lokayukta	·
	Total	52

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	• The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key			
	thinkers and their theoretical formulations.			
	• The legacy of all the major ideologies.			

PSC CE-304 (B): SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C E 304(A)		4	20	80
	and practical aspect way that it would various aspects and and mechanism of it Conceptualizing caste/ethnicity and Developing underst exclusion. Contextualizing and Developing an under	cts of social exclu give wider expose d dimension of Social inclusion. the spec discrimination, of religion. tanding of the nat d problematizing of erstanding of discri- es for protecting th	nities to the students to asion. The course is de sure to the students re- cial Exclusion but als ific Objectives of of to exclusion and inclu- ure and dynamics of liscrimination, exclusion imination at an empiri- ne rights of these grou- ination.	lesigned in such a not only about the so on various tools his course are usion based on discrimination and on and inclusion. cal level.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge c policy for social inc		practical aspects of so	ocial exclusion and
-	oral & PPT prese	ntation, group di	ith assessment of stud scussion, term paper understanding on the	etc to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social Exclusion- Concept, Approaches	13
	Historical Background of the Concept of Social Exclusion; humiliation,	
	inequalities- social, economic and political, untouchability, stigmatization,	
	discrimination, deprivation, marginalization	
Unit-II	Forms of Social Exclusion	13
	I Religion, Race, Caste, Class, Gender, Indigenous/Adivasi, Disability	
	Migrants and Refugees, Region, Language and Ethnicity, Illness.	
Unit-III	Ability Enhancement : Education and Social Exclusion	13
	Minorities : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Castes : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Tribes : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Disability : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Women : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Gender beyond Binaries: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy- the link: Reservation policies for the	14
Unit-IV	socially and educationally backward in India.	
	Issues and Challenges in Public Policy	
	Total	52

Course	1. The course provides an insight into the historical background of the concept social
Outcome	exclusion
	2. The students will see how the concept is related to various theoretical concepts of inequality, poverty and discrimination
	3. It discusses different modes of social exclusion with case studies from India and elsewhere
	4. It discusses case studies relating to social exclusion with a specific focus on poverty, discrimination, deprivation and inequality

PSC CE-305 (A): POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-305 (A):	Political Ideologies	4	20	80
Objectives	This paper studies the role of different political ideologies and their impact in politics. Each ideology is critically studied in its historical context. In course of its evolution and development, the different streams and subtle nuances within each ideology, the changes and continuities in its doctrine and its relevance to contemporary times are highlighted.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on different Political Ideologies			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Unit	Topics	Hours

Unit-I	Contemporary Perspectives-I: Liberalism, Marxism, Feminism,	13
Unit-II	Contemporary Perspectives-II: Neo Liberalism, Neo- Marxism Multiculturalism, Post Modernism, Ecologism	n,13
Unit-III	Nationalism: European & Non-European, Internationalism	13
Unit-IV	A Debate on end of Ideologies	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. B. Anderson; Imagined Communities, London, Verso, 1991.
- 2. S. Avineri and A. de Shalit (eds.), Communitarianism and Individualism, Oxford,
- 3. Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 4. L. P. Baradat, Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs NJ Prentice Hall, 1989.
- 5. R. M. Christenson, et al., Ideologies and Modern Politics, London, Thomas Nelson and Sons, 1971.
- 6. R. H. Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
- 7. C. Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies: Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
- 8. P. Gay, The Dilemma of Democratic Socialism: Eduard Bernstein's challenge to Marx, New York, Columbia University Press, 1952.
- 9. J. Gray, Liberalisms: Essays in Political Philosophy, London, Routledge, 1989.
- 10. D. Ingersoll and R.K. Mathews, The Philosophic Roots of Modern Ideologies: Liberalism Communism and Fascism, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- 11. W. Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.
- 12. W. Lerner, A History of Socialism and Communism in Modern Times: Theorists, Activists and Humanists, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 13. G. Lichtheim, A Short History of Socialism, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1970.
- 14. R. C. Macridis, Contemporary Political Ideologies: Movements and Regimes, New York, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 15. H. C. Mansfield, The Spirit of Liberalism, Cambridge, Harvard University Press.
- 16. P. Marshall, Demanding the Impossible: A History of Anarchism, London, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 17. R. Plant, Modern Political Thought, Cambridge, Basil Blackwell, 1991.
- 18. G. H. Sabine, A History of Political Theory revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1973.
- 19. M. Seliger, Ideology and Politics, London, Allen and Unwin, 1976.
- 20. M. Q. Sibley, Political Ideas and Ideologies: A History of Political Thought, New Delhi, Surjeet Publications, 1981.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key thinkers and
	their theoretical formulations.
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.

PSC CE-305(B) CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-305(B)	Critical Traditions	4	20	80
	in Political			
	Theory			
Objectives	While the compuls	sory papers provid	e the necessary and m	ainstream bedrock
	of political theory, ancient and modern, this course highlights the primary			
	challenges to mainstream liberal theory. It does so from various perspectives			
	which would not of	therwise receive th	e fuller treatment they	v deserve
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political			
_	theory, ancient and	modern		_
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of			
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both			
	conceptual clarity a	as well as practical	understanding on the	subject.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I Introduction	Interrogating tradition	13
	What is a critique?	
	The importance of a critical tradition	
Unit-II		13
Dalit Bahujan Critique	Critique of the theory and practice of caste	
	Theorising the encounter with modernity	
		13
Unit-III Feminism	Theories of knowledge, critiques of science and rationality	d
Unit-IV	Theories of the Public/Private, Equality/Difference	13
Gender and Sexuality	Gender and Sexuality	
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. Dobson, Andrew, Green Political Thought, 2nd. Ed., London: Routledge, 1995.
- 2. Dobson, Andrew, Justice and the Environment, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 3. Barrett, Michelle, Women's Oppression Today: Problems in Marxist Feminist Analysis, London: Verso, 1980.
- 4. Evelyn, Fox Keller and Helen Longino (eds.), Feminism and Science, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 5. Geetha, V and S Rajadularai, Towards a non-Brahmin Millenium, Calcutta: Samya, 1998. Gilroy, Robert, Green Political Theory, Cambridge, Polity, 1992.
- 6. Jaggar, Alison, Feminist Politics and Human Nature, Harvard: Harvester University Press, 1983. Merchant, Carolyn edited, Ecology: Key concepts in Critical Theory Series, Jaipur: Rawat.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern,
	The primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory.

*PSC-AD 306: FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES (ADD ON-NON-CREDIT)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
*PSC-AD 306: (ADD ON-NON- CREDIT)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES	4		
	Objectives: This course is dest feminist theories and concepts different theoretical and discip gender. How has women's o concepts or theoretical frames? power dimension of women in perspective. It will focus on th social and political structure emerging feminist discourse ar patriarchy	s, by examining linary approache ppression been The objective both public an e question of ge and process	the history the story theorised b of this pape of private sp ender and it with specif	y of ideas on and ady of women and by deploying new er is to analyse the phere from gender s relationship with ic importance on
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on			
_	Regular Classroom lectures alo oral & PPT presentation, gro conceptual clarity as well as pra	up discussion,	term paper	etc to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	 Approaches to understanding Feminism: The sex/gender distinction. Biologism Versus Social Constructivism Understanding Patriarchy 	13
	 Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical Feminism, New Feminis Schools/Traditions 	t
Unit-II	 History of Feminism Origin of Feminism Family in Contemporary India - Patrilineal and Matrilineal Practices. Gender Relations in the Family, Entitlements and Bargaining, Propert Rights 	13 y

Unit-III	 Understanding Woman's Work and Labour Sexual Division of Labour- Productive and Reproductive labour, 		
	 Visible - Invisible Work – Unpaid and Paid work 		
Unit-IV	 The Indian Experience Social Reforms Movement and Position of Women in India Women's Participation in Anti-Colonial And National Liberation Movements in India 	13 n	
	Total	52	

Suggested Readings:

- > Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature. U.K.: Harvester Press, pp.
- ▶ 25-350.
- ▶ Lerner, Gerda. (1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge,
- ▶ Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London: Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion

Semester –IV

PSC CE 401-(A) NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal	External Marks
			Marks	
PSC CE 401-(A)	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS		20	80
	IN INDIA			

Objectives	Under the influence of globalization, development processes in India have undergone transformation to produce spaces of advantage and disadvantage and new geographies of power. A variety of protest movements emerged to
	interrogate and challenge this development paradigm that evidently also weakens the democratic space so very vital to the formulation of critical consensus. This course proposes to introduce, students to the conditions,
	contexts and forms of political contestation over development paradigms and their bearing on the retrieval of democratic voice of citizens. To introduce the Social and Political movements in the Post – independent India with special
	reference to mobilization politics like movements for the formation of States, agrarian movements, anti – caste movements and movements related to
	development issues. To help the students to develop the capability of standing the perspectives of three major ideological strands represented by agrarian movements, Anti – caste movements & Women's movement. To help
	students to understand the impact of movements on shaping the pattern of politics.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the new social and political movements in India
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social and Political Movements: Concepts, Theories and Types. Social and Political Movements in India: Background, History and Debate	13
Unit-II	Peasant's Movement: Genesis and Growth Tribal Movements: Issues and Dynamics	113
Unit-III	Dalit and Backward Caste Movement: Issues, Leaderships and organizations. Women's Movement: Gender Justice and Empowerment, Challenges to Women's Movement-Fundamentalism, Caste, Violence, and Moral Policing	
Unit-IV	Environmental Movements: Chipko Movement, Silent Valley Movement & Narmada Bachao Andolan. State, Civil Society and Social Movements in India.	213
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu, Amrita (edited): The Challenge of Local Feminism: Women's Movements in Global Perspective, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Shah Ghanshyam : Social Movements and the State, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Shah Ghanshyam : Social Movements in India: A Review of the LIterature, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1990.
- 4. MohantyManoranjan (ed): Caste, Class and Gender, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004
- 5. Oommen, T.K., (ed): Social Movements (Vol I and Vol II) OUP, New Delhi, 2010.

- 6. Singh, K.S., : Tribal Movement in India
- 7. Gail, Omvedt: Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist, 1993
- 8. Wilkinson Paul: Social Movements.
- 9. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 10. Desai, Neera (ed.), Decade of Women's Movement in India, Bombay Himalaya Publishing House, 1988.
- 11. Shah Ghanshyam , Caste and Democratic Politics in India, Delhi: Permanent Black , 2008.
- 12. Jaffrelot, Christophe India¶s Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2011.
- 13. M.V. Nadarkarni : Farmer's Movement in India, Allied, New Delhi, 1987.
- 14. T. K. Oommen : Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements, Sage, Delhi, 2004.
- 15. Rajendra Singh (ed.): Social Movement, Old and New: A Post-Modern Critique, Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2001.
- 16. Ashish Ghosh (ed.): Dalits and Peasants: The Emerging Caste-Class Dynamics, GyanSagar Publication, 1999.

Course	After reading this course the students will
Outcome	• Know the importance of a study of social movements in understanding
	politics?
	• Know the difference between riot and social movement.
	• Know the common elements of different definitions of social movement?
	• Know the main components of social movements?
	• Know the difference between 'social' and 'political' movements?

PSC CE 401-(B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 401(B)	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	94	20	80
Objectives	The paper contributes to the better institutional structures, functioning them by the state or the centre and government is the most important programs impact residents, workers, a daily basis. It is the end point that local governments exercise importan plan and pay for most roads, run zoning regulations for their citize essentially to promote the common g within it is to serve the constituer livelihood, healthcare, and other public the study of local politics, policy, action the local institutions viz., Panchayati	and dutie d which a level of and agricu connects t function public scl ns. Local good; and acy by pu- lic service lministrat Raj and U	es including thare of interest government. alture and its al society and the s in the scheme nools, provide governments the sole purpo roviding justice s. Local Gover ion and public	ose entrusted to to locals. Local Its policies and lied activities on e state. State and e of States. They water, establish are established ose of the offices e, infrastructure, nment Studies is management by eents.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on local politi management by the local institut Governments.	-	-	_
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along word & PPT presentation, group di conceptual clarity as well as practical	scussion,	term paper e	tc to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I: Local Government and	Meaning, Concept and Significance of Local	13
Decentralization	Government in India (Urban and Rural), Constitutional	
	Frame work relating to Local governments in India.	
	Theories of Decentralization, Concept of Delegation,	
	De-Concentration and Devolution: its Benefits.	
	Significance of Development of Rural and Urban	
	Institutions in India	
Unit-II: Evolution of Local	Local Governments (Urban and Rural): Evolution,	13
Governments	Meaning, Features, Significance and Leadership.	
	73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.	
	Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Functions,	
	Sources of Income and Significance	
	Urban Local Bodies: Varieties (Metropolitan	13
Unit-III: Urban Local	Corporation, Municipal Corporation, Municipality, Town	
Governments	Panchayat) Meaning, Features, Role and Significance.	
	2. District Administration: Evolution, Features and	
	Functions. District Collector: Colonial legacy, Revenue	,
	Administration, Functions and Position.	
Unit-IV: Globalization and	State Finance Commission, State Election Commission.	13
Local Government	Urban-Rural Relationship and Problems.	
	Globalization and Concept of Citizen Centric	
	Administration: Features and Significance Citizen's	
	Charter, Concept of Stake holders and Service Providing.	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings

1. Vaddiraju, Anil Kumar. (2017). Federalism and Local Government in India. Delhi: Studium Press Pvt.Ltd.

2. Singh, Pankaj. (2017). Rural Local Government in India. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.

3. Dollery, Brian., & Robotti, Lorenzo. (2008). The Theory and Practice of Local Government Reform. UK: Edward Elgar.

4. Singh. Vijandra, (2003). "Chapter 5: Panchayati Raj and Gandhi". Panchayati Raj and Village Development: Volume 3, Perspectives on Panchayati Raj Administration. Studies in public administration. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.

5. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2000). Urban Local Government and Administration in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.

6. Singh, Hoshiar. (1997). Local Government in India, Britain, France and USA. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.

7. Chandler, J. A. (1992). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductory Survey. New York: Routledge.

8. Singh Sahib., & Singh, Swinder. (1991). Local Government in India. Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing Co.

9. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (1991). Dynamics of Municipal Government and Politics in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.

10. Mackenzie, W J. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Collected Papers 1951- 1968. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

Course	After reading thus paper the students will able
Outcome	To know the objective and to help them to take voluntary interest in the elections of
	these institutions.
	To know the local politics, policy, administration and public management by the
	local institutions viz., Panchayati Raj and Urban Governments.

PSC CE—402 (A): FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC CE-402 (A)	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	4	20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course if Familiarise students with post To train the students and mal foreign policy formulations priority the US, Russia, and China 	world war- ke them trac	the ideas and links	that direct the
1	Basic knowledge of international r and political developments in the I	,		licy
	Regular classroom lectures with problem sets, case studies, report done with an emphasis to deve conceptual understanding and the	writing, mo elop cohere	ck exams and present ence among students	ations will be

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Foreign Policy Analysis: The Nature of Foreign Policy and Theoretical Analysis Phases of Foreign Policy: Foreign Policy during Cold War, Post-Cold War and in New World Order	13
Unit-II	US Foreign Policy: From Isolationism to Containment US and South Asia US and Middle East US and China Emerging Trends in US Foreign Policy and Asian Pivot	13
Unit-III	Foreign Policy of the Peoples Republic of China Determinants of Chinese Foreign Policy Sino-US Rapprochement Sino – Russian Relations Emerging trends in Chinese Foreign Policy	13
Unit-IV	Foreign Policy of the Russian Federation Major parameters in Russian Foreign Policy	13

Essential Readings

- 1. Almond, Gabriel, The American People and Foreign Policy (New York, 1950)
- 2. Aron, Raymond, The Imperial Republic: The United States and the World (New Delhi, 1974).
- 3. Baral, J.K., Pentagon and American Foreign Policy-Making (New Delhi, 1987).
- 4. Bell, Coral, The Diplomacy of Détente (New Delhi, 1977).
- 5. Fairbank, John K., China Revisited (London, 1974)
- 6. Gordon, Bernard K., New Directions for American Policy in Asia (London, 1990)
- 7. Kissinger, Henry, American Policy- a Global View (Singapore, 1982).
- 8. Nathan, James A. And James K. Oliver, United States Foreign policy and world order (Boston 1985)
- 9. Palmer, Norman D., The US and India (New York, 1984)
- 10. Starr, John Bryan, The future of US-China Relations (New York, 1981)
- 11. Chan Gerald, Chinese Perspective on International Relations, New Zealand, Houndsmill, Macmillan University Press, 1999.
- 12. Cronin Patrick M. From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
- 13. Gaddis Johan Lewis, Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post War American National Security Policy, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 14. GutjahrLothar. German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
- 15. Haas Richard N, Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold War World, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
- 16. John Dumbrell, American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1997.
- 17. Kanet Roger E and Alexander V. Kozhemiakin. The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation,
- 18. Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
- 19. Larrabee Stephen. The Two German States and European Security, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.
- 20. Sutter Robert G., Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S. Boulder, Westview, 1996.
- 21. Whetten Lawrence L., Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations,
- 22. New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
- 23. Zwick Peter. Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy. New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1990.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
	i. the factors and mechanisms that guide foreign policy objectives of the major powers. Understand the nature and orientation of Foreign Policy from the
	Cold war days and its evolution through the Post-Cold War world order to
	today.
	The various challenges these powers posed before the world countries and what
	others must learn from them.

PSC CE-402(B): PROBLEMS OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC CE-402(B)	Problems of International Relations	4	20	80
Objectives	This course has been designe the numerous dimensions of Understanding the conceptua Regionalism. It will deliberat important emerging nations a powers in the present enviror emphasis regional organisatio	Regionalism l and theore te upon Indi and establish ament. A un	n and Regional Organi stical aspects of Proces a's strategic approach ned world ique feature of the cou	sations, as of towards urse will be its
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of internation current dynamics of the inter		•	of the
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures paper, problem sets, case presentations will be done v students on both the conceptu settings.	studies, r vith an emp	report writing, mock whasis to develop cohe	exams and erence among

Jetaned Synabus		
Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Understanding the Conceptual and Theoretical	13
Regionalism and Regiona	lAspects of Process of Regionalism	
Organization	Regional Organization: Growth and Classification	
	Significance of Regional Organisations in India's	
	Foreign Policy	
Unit-II	Genesis and Growth, Issues and Concerns, Summit	13
SAARC	Diplomacy	
	India's Role in SAARC, European Union	
Unit-III	Background and Civilization Ties: Look East and Act	13
India and South-East Asia	East Policy of India	
	India's Priorities: Security, Energy and Trade	
Unit-IV	Understanding BRICS: Origin, Agenda and Influence	13
India and BRICS	India-BRICS Engagement	
	New Development Bank and Impact of BRICS on	
	India's overall Strategic interests.	
	Total	52

Reading List

- 1. Oliver Stuenkel (2015) The BRICS and the future of Global Order, Lexington Press.
- 2. Uwe Becker, (Ed) (2014), The BRICS and Emerging Economics in Comparative Perspectives: Political Economy, Liberalisation and Institutional Change, Routledge, New York.
- 3. BhabaniSen Gupta (1993) "SAARC: Asian Prospect and Problems of Intra-regional Coopeation". South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Bhargava, K.K. and Lama M.P (2008) SAARC, 2015: Expanding Horizons and Forging Cooperation in a Resurgent Asia, New Delhi, Friedrich Ebert Stiflung.

- 5. Rama S Melkote, Regional Organisations: A Third World Perspectives, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 6. BaldasGhosal (ed.) 1996, India and South East Asia: Challenges and Opportunities, Konark Publishers, New Delhi.
- 7. Frederic Grare and Amitabh Matoo, (ed.) 2001 India and ASEAN: The Politics of 'Look East' Policy, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi
- 8. SudhirDevare (2005) India and South East Asia Towards Security Convergence, Institute of South East Asian Studies, Singapore.
- 9. Fredrik Soderbaum and Timothy M. Shaw (eds) Theories of New Regionalism: A Palgrave Reader, Palgrave Macmillan, New York,
- 10. Dash Kishore C, 2008, Origin and Evolution of SAARC: Regionalism in South Asia, Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York, Rutledge.
- 11. RumelDahiya and UdaiBhanu Singh, 2015, Realising the ASEAN-India Vision for Partnership and Prosperity, Pentagon Press, New Delhi

Course Outcome	This course will enable students to:
	• Develop an in-depth examination of the issues and problems associated with increasing world interdependence.
	• Develop theoretical orientation to understand the causes of problems and possible solutions within international security architecture.
	• To comprehend major issues of global concern and international responses hitherto.

PSC CE 403 (A): STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA

(Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
· · ·	State Politics in Odisha	4	20	80
	understand how the allow the students done from socio- course seeks to set the period of over This Course aims governance and w Odisha. It focuses among the people state of Odisha.	ne political proces to do assignments historical as well nsitize students to half a century from s to provide know variation in Intern on regional politic of Odisha. It also f	study one state in an i s evolves at the State based on field studies as political economy the changes in the pol n 1936 to the present. vledge on political cu al Political Pattern w cal parties and pattern focuses on the political	e level. It will also . The study is to be perspectives. The litical process over alture, institutional within the state of of voting behavior history of the
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the government and politics in Odisha			
C	oral & PPT presen	tation, group discu	vith assessment of stu ssion, term paper etc t understanding on the	o have both

Units	Topics	Hours
-------	--------	-------

Unit-I	Emergence of Odisha as a separate state	13
	Political Culture of Odisha.	
	Sub-regionalism Politics & Regional Disparity	
Unit-II	Election and Voting Behaviour: Elections in Odisha	13
	Coalitional Politics in Odisha	
Unit-III	Rile of Regional Political Parties	13
	Ganatantra Parishad	
	Jana Congress,	
	Utkal Congress	
	Biju Janata Dal	
Unit-IV	Women Politics: Political Participation of Women.	13
	Scheduled Castes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Scheduled Tribes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings.

- 1. Harihara Das, B.C. Choudhury, "Federal and State Politics in India,, Discovery Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. J.K.Mahapatra, "Factional Politics in India", Chugh Publication, Allahabad, 1985.
- 3. Sukadev Nanda, Coalition Politics in Odisha, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1979.
- 4. Sunit Ghosh, Odisha in Turmoil: A Study of Political Developments, Book land International, Bhubaneswar, 1979.
- 5. P. Padhy, (ed.) Indian State Politics, B. R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.
- 6. B. K. Patnaik, "The Politics of Floor Crossing in Odisha", Santosh Publication, Cuttack, 1985.
- 7. B.B Jena and J. K. Baral, "Government and Politics in Odisha", (ed), Print House, Lucknow: 1988.
- 8. D. Bhuyan, and S. Muni, Coalitional Politics in Odisha, Abhijeet Publications, New Delhi: 2010.
- 9. D. Bhuyan, and Dayanidhi Parida, "Role of Regional Parties in Odisha", Abhijeet Publication, New Delhi: 2010.
- 10. R K Pradhan & D. Bhuyan, State Politics in Odisha, SSDN Publishers, New Delhi.
- 11. D. Bhuyan, Odisha Government and Politics: Institutions and processes, A. K. Mishra Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Cuttack

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Political culture, institutional governance and variation in Internal Political Pattern
	within the state of Odisha.
	The political history of the state of Odisha.

PSC CE 403(B): POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA

(Core elective-Optional)

Subject	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
Code				
PSC CE	POLITICAL ECONOMY ANI	04	20	80
403 (B):	DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATIO	1		
	IN ODISHA			

Objective	This course examines the political economy of Odisha. Throughout the course we will		
s	study many possible determinants of economic growth including institutions, human		
	capital, trade, and financial development. We will also examine various strategies that		
	governments could employ to promote growth, such as poverty relief programs,		
	public investment in education, intellectual property right protection, and industrial		
	policies. The course is organized into two broad segments: 1) development in the long		
	run, which focuses on history, political systems, and economic institutions, and 2)		
	development in the short run, which analyzes the impact of poverty relief programs,		
	Union government's aid, international trade, and financial crisis.		
Pre-	Basic Knowledge on political economy of the state of Odisha		
Requisites			
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral &		
Scheme	PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as		
	well as practical understanding on the subject.		

Units Topics	Hours
Unit-I 1. Meaning, Nature, Significance and Scope of Poli	tical13
Introduction to Political Economy	
Economy 2. Political Economy, Globalisation and Nation States	
Political Economy of Odisha- Governance and Econo	omic
Stability	
Unit-II: Economic Structure of Odisha,	13
Political Economy and Agrarian Policy of Odisha;	
Domestic Politics Issue of Backwardness and Development of the State	
Unit-III: Industrial induced displacement.	13
Political Economy and Challenges to the development of the Scheduled Castes	and
Domestic Politics the Scheduled Tribes and backward classes	
Unit-IV: Regional imbalances in Odisha and policy measures	s to13
Political Economy and remove regional imbalances,	
Regionalism Economic Reforms and Economic transitions in Odisha	
Poverty; poverty trap and the need for external intervent	tion;
issues with micro intervention programs;	
Total	52

Suggested Readings.

- 1. Mill, John Stuart. (2012). Principles of Political Economy. Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 2. Mill, John Stuart., & Riley, Jonathan. (2008). Principles of Political Economy: and Chapters on Socialism. London: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Weingast, Barry R. & Wittman, Donald. (2008). The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford.
- 4. Weingast, Barry R. &. Wittman, Donald A. (2006). Oxford The Oxford Handbook Of Political Economy. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Payne, (2006). New Political Economy. London: Routledge.
- 6. Usher, Daniel. (2003). Political Economy. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Albritton, Robert. (2003). New Dialectics and Political Economy. UK: Palgrave

Macmillan.

- 8. Chandhoke, Neera. Priyadarshi, Praveen. (1999). Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. London: Pearson.
- Bardhan. Pranab, (1998). The Political Economy of Development in India. New Dehli: oxford University Press. Barro, Robert. 1973. "The Control of Politicians: An Economic Model." Public Choice.
- Dunning, Thad, and Janhavi Nilekani. 2013. "Ethnic Quotas and Political Mobilization: Caste, Parties, and Distribution in Indian Village Councils." American Political Science Review. 107(1): 35-56
- 11. Bardhan, Pranab (1994) : The Political Economy of Development in India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 12. C.T. Kurian (1978) : Poverty Planning and Social Transformation An Alternative in Development Planning Allied Publishers, New Delhi
- 13. V. M. Dandekar : The Indian Economy 1947-97; transforming traditional Agriculture Vol. I'
- 14. Bimal Jalan : Indian Economic Crisis : The Way Ahead; Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1992
- 15. Bimal Jalan ,India's Economic Policy Preparing for the 21st Century : Penguin. New Delhi, 1996.
- 7. A. P. 'Thirwall' Growth and Development, 6th Edition Macmillan Press Ltd., 1999.
- 8. Vijay Joshi : IMD Little; India's Economy Reforms; Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1991-2001.
- 16. Usha Kapila, Indian Economy Since Independence; Vol. I, II & III, Academic Foundation. New Delhi.
- 17. Usha Kapila, Recent Developments in Indian Economy, Part 3 & 4 Academic Foundation. New Delhi. 1994 & 95.
- 18. Robert. E. B. Lucas and Gustar. F.; Indian Economy Recent Development and Future Prospects. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989
- 19. Amartya Sen, Poverty and Famine An Essay on Entitlement and Deprivation Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1982.

Course	to provide students with basic conceptual tools and frameworks for analyzing			
Outcome	economic development issues;			
	to give students a basic understanding of the economic development process in			
	several regions of the world, and			
	to give students a chance to practice academic debate on complex economic is			
	The evaluation of the course will be based on two exams, a group project, homework			
	assignments, and class participation.			
	What do we mean by saying that economic outcomes are shaped by political			
	constraints or politics?			
	Do individuals behave the same or differently in economic models and political			
	models? What are the fundamental questions in studying political economy?			

PSC C-404: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C-404:	Research Methodology	4	20	80

Objectives	 To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of research methodology. To acquaint students with the basics of research methods, techniques, and approaches and to assist in the accomplishment of exploratory as well as result oriented research studies. To help students to identify the research problem and start asking the right
	questions with a goal of improving their ability to make a logical argument. To assist students to learn various research techniques (qualitative and quantitative). To train students in the process of writing various academic and popular writings. To sensitize students of research ethics.
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of inquiry and problem solving. Workable knowledge of statistics and computer application
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.

Unit	Topics Hou	irs
Unit – I:	1. Meaning and Need for Research, Types of Research: 13	
Understanding Social	Fundamental and Applied	
Science Research	2. Political Science Research: Its History and Utility	
	3. Traditional and Scientific Methods of Research	
Unit – II:	1. Meaning and Types of Research Design, Formulation of 13	
Research Design	Research Problem	
	2. Literature Review: Sources and Use of Information	
	Technology	
	3. Hypothesis: Formulation, Characteristics and Types	
Unit – III:	1. Research Techniques: Qualitative and quantitative research [13]	
Techniques of Data	2. Methods of Data Collection	
Collection	3. Survey: (Meaning, Types, Steps and Limitations)	
	Observations, Questionnaire, and Interviewing, Sampling	
Unit- IV	1. Analyzing primary and secondary documents13	
Data Analysis and Report	2. Data presentation and preliminary analysis, interpretation	
Writing	of data.	
	3. Report Writing.	
	4. Presenting the Material: citation, references, notes	
Total	52	

Essential Readings

- 2. Art, Robert J. and Jervis, Robert International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, Longman, 2010
- 3. Dhiman, AK and SC. Research Methodology, EssEss Publication, New Delhi, 2002
- 4. Fowler, Flyod J. (Jr). Survey Research Methods, Sage, Beverley Hills, 1984.
- 5. Gerring, John 2004. "What is a Case Study and What is it Good for?" American Political

^{1.} Ahuja, Ram. Research Method, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2001

Science Review 98, pp. 341-352

- 6. Kuhn, Thomas, The Structure of Scientific Revolution, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2012. (50th edition).
- 7. Popper, Karl, Open Society and Its Enemies, New Jersy: Pentagon University Press, 2013.
- 8. Kohari, C. R and Garg, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi, 2019 (4th edition).

Course Outcome	 After end of their M.A programme the students will be: Familiar with the basic concepts of research methodology. Acquainted with the basics of research methods, techniques and approaches of research. Identify the research problem and formulate research questions and hypothesis. The process of writing various academic and popular writings. Fundamentals of research ethics.
----------------	--

PSC C-405: PROJECT WORK (Report in form of Dissertation & Viva)

Course Rationale: A Dissertation tests the ability of a student to carry out an independent research. In broad ways it demonstrates that a student is capable of identifying an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the appropriate research tools. Since a dissertation involves a different set of ideas or different point of views, it enhances the critical, analytical and research skills of a student.

Subject Cod	le	Subject Name	Credit	Total Marks
PSC C-405:		PROJECT WORK (Report in form of DISSERTATION & VIVA)		100
Course	By the	end of the course students will be	able to	
Outcome		Identify an area of interest, able appropriate research tools. It will enhance the critical analyti	-	

Non-Credit Paper: KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal	External Marks
			Marks	
Non-Credit Paper	KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA	4	20	80
	BHANJA AND CULTURAL			
Objectives	Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanj is the master-spirit of Odia Language and			
(ପାଠ୍ୟକମର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ)	Culture during Medieval period. The campus of Berhampur University ha been rightly named after Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanj as 'BHANJA BIHAR			pur University has
				BHANJA BIHAR'.
	Ganjam is the adorable storehouse o	f literary an	d cultural	wealth of ancient
	and medieval Odisha which has elio	cited remark	able nation	onal acclaim. This

	course has been introduced with a view to familiarising all the P.G. Students of Berhampur University with the excellent craftsmanship exemplified by the literary stalwarts including Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanj along with the Arts, Culture and Folk Tradition of Ganjam. (ମଧ୍ୟଯୁଗୀୟ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଓ ସଂସ୍କୃତିର
	ମହାନାୟକ କବିସମ୍ରାଟ ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ରଭଞ୍ଚ । ବ୍ରହ୍ମପୁର ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ତାଙ୍କ ନାମରେ ଭଞ୍ଚାବିହାର ଭାବରେ
	ନାମିତ । ଗଞ୍ଜାମ ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ବୁଧହଂସ କେଳିସର । ଏହାର କଳା-ସାହିତ୍ୟ-ସଂସ୍କୃତି-ଲୋକପରମ୍ପରା
	ସର୍ବଭାରତୀୟ ସ୍ୱୀକୃତିପ୍ରାପ୍ତ । ଏହାକୁ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ରଖି ବ୍ରହ୍ମପୁର ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ସ୍ନାତକୋତ୍ତର
	ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଅଧ୍ୟୟନରତ ସମୟ ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀଙ୍କୁ କବିସମ୍ରାଟ ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ରଭଞ୍ଜଙ୍କ ସମେତ ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ
	ସାହିତ୍ୟିକ ପ୍ରତିଭା ଏବଂ ଏହି ଅଞ୍ଚଳର କଳା, ସଂସ୍କୃତି, ଲୋକପରମ୍ପରା ସଂପର୍କରେ ସାଧାରଣ ଧାରଣା
	ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଏପରି ଅଧ୍ୟୟନର ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା କରାଯାଇଛି ।)
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja, Other Litterateurs of Ganjam and Cultural Heritage of Ganjam
C	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja: Life and Literary works (କବି ସମ୍ରାଟ ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ: ଜୀବନୀ ଓ ପ୍ରତିଭା)	13
Unit-II	Unit: II - Other Litterateurs of Ganjam (ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ ସାରସ୍ୱତ ସାଧକ)	13
Unit-III	Cultural Heritage of Ganjam (ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ସାଂସ୍କୃତିକ ବିଭବ)	13
Unit-IV	Folk Tradition of Ganjam (ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ଲୋକପରମ୍ପରା)	13
	Total	52

Course Outcome (ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ନିଷ୍କର୍ଷ୍ର)) The teaching imparted to the P.G. students of Berhampur University on the various dimensions of the literary and cultural heritage of Ganjam will help them to acquire a valuable understanding of the same. They will adequately inspired to take the positives learnt from the course and use them in future in their personal literary and cultural pursuits and thereby promote the literature and culture of Odisha on a global scale. (ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଓ ସଂସ୍କୃତିର ଏପରି ଏକ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବିଷୟରେ ପାଠଦାନ କରିବା ଦ୍ୱାରା କେବଳ ଯେ କବିସମ୍ରାଚ ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ରଭଞ୍ଜ ଓ ଗଞ୍ଜାମର କଳା-ସାହିତ୍ୟ-ସଂସ୍କୃତି ଲୋକପରମ୍ପରା ସଂପର୍କରେ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀ ସଚେତନ ହୋଇପାରିବେ- ସେତିକି ନୁହେଁ, କବିସମ୍ରାଚ ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ରଭଞ୍ଜଙ୍କ ସହିତ ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ସାହିତ୍ୟିକ ପରିମଣ୍ଡଳ ସମେତ ଗଞ୍ଜାମର ସାଂସ୍କୃତିକ ବିଭବ ଓ ଲୋକପରମ୍ପରା ସଂପର୍କରେ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଛାତ୍ରଛାତ୍ରୀମାନେ ମଧ୍ୟ ସମ୍ୟକ୍ ଜ୍ଞାନ ଆହରଣରେ ବ୍ରତୀ ହୋଇପାରିବେ)